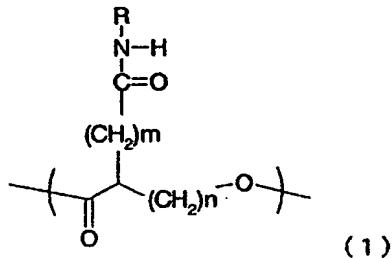


CLAIMS

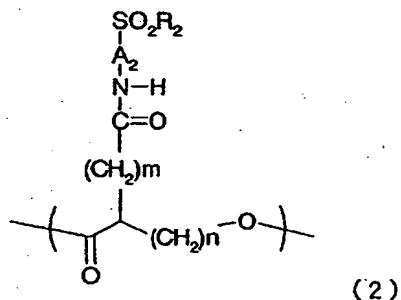
1. A polyhydroxyalkanoate comprising one or more units represented by the chemical formula (1) in a molecule,



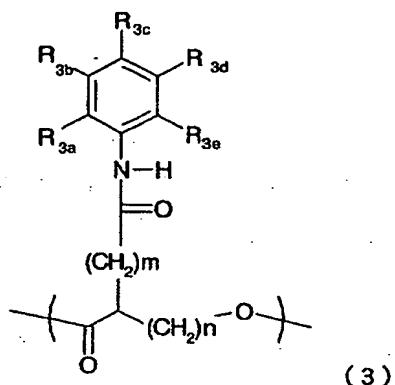
5

Wherein R represents $-A_1-SO_2R_1$, R_1 represents OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR_{1a} , R_{1a} and A_1 each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic hydrocarbon structure, a 10 substituted or unsubstituted aromatic ring structure, or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocyclic structure, n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, and when multiple units exist, R, R_1 , R_{1a} , A_1 , m, and n 15 each independently have the above meaning for each unit.

2. A polyhydroxyalkanoate according to claim 1, comprising one or more units each represented by the chemical formula (2), (3), (4A), or (4B) in a 20 molecule as the units of the chemical formula (1),

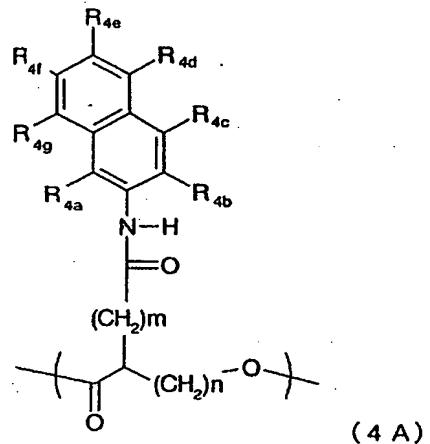


wherein R_2 represents OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR_{2a}, R_{2a} represents a linear or branched alkyl group having 1 to 8 carbon atoms, or a substituted or 5 unsubstituted phenyl group, A₂ represents a linear or branched alkylene group having 1 to 8 carbon atoms, n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, when multiple units exist, A₂, R₂, R_{2a}, m, and n each 10 independently have the above meaning for each unit,



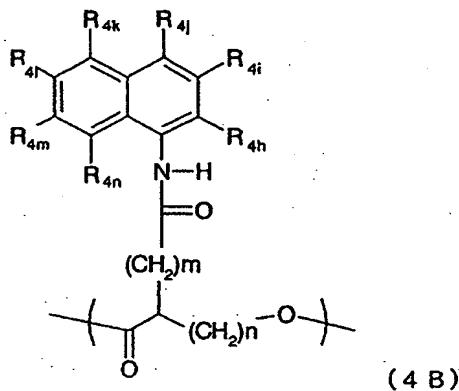
wherein R_{3a} , R_{3b} , R_{3c} , R_{3d} , and R_{3e} each independently represent SO_2R_{3f} (R_{3f} represents OH, a halogen atom,

ONa, OK, or OR_{3f1} (R_{3f1} represents a linear or branched alkyl group having 1 to 8 carbon atoms, or a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl group)), a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, an alkyl group having 5 1 to 20 carbon atoms, an alkoxy group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, an OH group, an NH₂ group, an NO₂ group, COOR_{3g} (R_{3g} represents an H atom, an Na atom, or a K atom), an acetamide group, an OPh group, an NHPh group, a CF₃ group, a C₂F₅ group, or a C₃F₇ group (Ph represents a phenyl group), and at least one of these 10 groups represents SO₂R_{3f}, n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, and when multiple units exist, R_{3a}, R_{3b}, R_{3c}, R_{3d}, R_{3e}, R_{3f}, R_{3f1}, R_{3g}, m, and n each 15 independently have the above meaning for each unit,



Wherein R_{4a} , R_{4b} , R_{4c} , R_{4d} , R_{4e} , R_{4f} , and R_{4g} each independently represent SO_2R_{40} (R_{40} represents OH, a

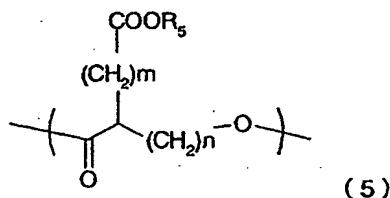
halogen atom, ONa , OK , or OR_{401} (R_{401} represents a linear or branched alkyl group having 1 to 8 carbon atoms, or a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl group)), a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, an alkoxy group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, an OH group, an NH_2 group, an NO_2 group, COOR_{4p} (R_{4p} represents an H atom, an Na atom, or a K atom), an acetamide group, an OPh group, an NHPH group, a CF_3 group, a C_2F_5 group, or a 5 C_3F_7 group (Ph represents a phenyl group), and at least one of these groups represents $\text{SO}_2\text{R}_{401}$, n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4 and m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, and wherein multiple units exist, R_{4a} , R_{4b} , R_{4c} , R_{4d} , R_{4e} , 10 R_{4f} , R_{4g} , R_{4o} , R_{401} , R_{4p} , m , and n each independently have the above meaning for each unit), 15



wherein R_{4h} , R_{4i} , R_{4j} , R_{4k} , R_{4l} , R_{4m} , and R_{4n} each

independently represent SO_2R_{40} (R_{40} represents OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR₄₀₁, (R_{401} represents a linear or branched alkyl group having 1 to 8 carbon atoms, or a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl group)), a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, an alkoxy group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, an OH group, an NH₂ group, an NO₂ group, COOR_{4p} (R_{4p} represents an H atom, an Na atom, or a K atom), an acetamide group, an OPh group, an NHPH group, a CF₃ group, a C₂F₅ group, or a C₃F₇ group (Ph represents a phenyl group), and at least one of these groups represents SO_2R_{40} , n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, and wherein multiple units exist, R_{4n}, R_{4i}, R_{4j}, R_{4k}, R₄₁, R_{4m}, R_{4n}, R_{4o}, R₄₀₁, R_{4p}, m, and n each independently have the above meaning for each unit.

3. A polyhydroxyalkanoate comprising one or more units represented by the chemical formula (5),

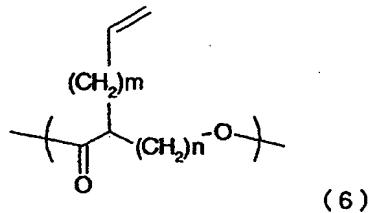


Wherein R_5 represents a hydrogen atom, a group for forming a salt, or R_{5a} , R_{5a} represents a linear or

branched alkyl or aralkyl group having 1 to 12 carbon atoms, or a group having a saccharide, n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, when n = 4, R₅

5 represents only a group having a saccharide for m = 0, and when multiple units exist, R₅, R_{5a}, m, and n each independently have the above meaning for each unit.)

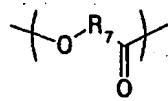
4. A polyhydroxyalkanoate comprising one or more units represented by the chemical formula (6),



10

wherein n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, when n represents an integer selected from 1, 2, and 4, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, when n = 3, m represents an integer selected from 0 and 2 to 8, and when multiple units exist, m and n each independently have the above meaning for each unit.

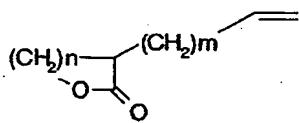
15 5. A polyhydroxyalkanoate according to any one of claims 1 to 4, further comprising a unit represented by the chemical formula (7) in a molecule,



(7)

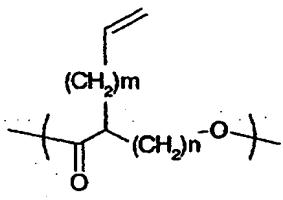
wherein (R₇ represents a linear or branched alkylene group having 1 to 11 carbon atoms, an alkyleneoxyalkylene group each alkylene of which has 5 1 or 2 carbon atoms (alkylene groups each independently have 1 or 2 carbon atoms), or an alkylidene group having 1 to 5 carbon atoms which may be substituted by aryl, and when multiple units exist, R₇'s each independently have the above meaning for 10 each unit.

6. A method of producing a polyhydroxyalkanoate represented by the chemical formula (6), comprising the step of polymerizing a compound represented by the chemical formula (8) in the presence of a 15 catalyst,.



(8)

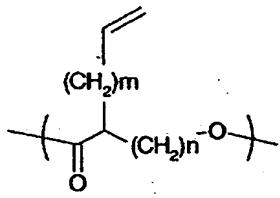
wherein n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4 when n represents an integer selected from 1, 2, and 4, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, and 20 when n = 3, m represents an integer selected from 0 and 2 to 8,



(6)

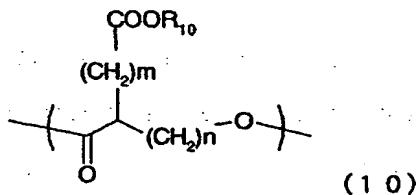
wherein n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, when n represents an integer selected from 1, 2, and 4, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, when 5 n = 3, m represents an integer selected from 0 and 2 to 8, and when multiple units exist, m and n each independently have the above meaning for each unit.

7. A method of producing a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula 10 (10), comprising the step of oxidizing a double bond portion of a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula (9),



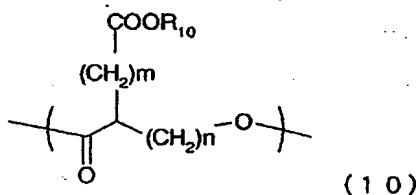
(9)

wherein n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4 15 and m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, when multiple units exist, m and n each independently have the above meaning for each unit,

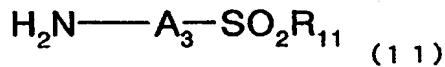


wherein R_{10} represents a hydrogen atom or a group for forming a salt, n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, 5 and when multiple units exist, m , n , and R_{10} each independently have the above meaning for each unit.

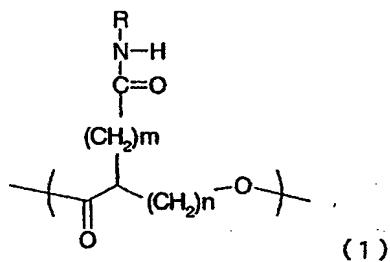
8. A method of producing a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula (1), comprising the step of subjecting a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula (10) and at least one kind of amine compound represented by the chemical formula (11) to a condensation reaction,



15 Wherein R_{10} represents hydrogen or a group for forming a salt, n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, and when multiple units exist, m , n , and R_{10} each independently have the above meaning for each unit,



wherein R_{11} represents OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR_{11a}, R_{11a} and A₃ are each independently selected from groups each having a substituted or unsubstituted 5 aliphatic hydrocarbon structure, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic ring structure, or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocyclic structure, and when multiple units exist, R₁₁, R_{11a}, and A₃ each independently have the above meaning for each unit,



10 wherein R represents $-A_1-SO_2R_1$, R_1 represents OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR_{1a}, R_{1a} and A₁ each independently represent a group having a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic hydrocarbon structure, a 15 substituted or unsubstituted aromatic ring structure, or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocyclic structure, n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, and when multiple units exist, R, R₁, R_{1a}, A₁, m, and n 20 each independently have the above meaning for each

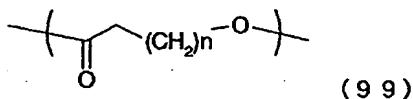
unit.

9. A method of producing a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula (101), comprising the steps of:

5 allowing a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula (99) to react with a base; and

allowing the compound obtained in the foregoing step to react with a compound represented by the

10 chemical formula (100),



wherein n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, and when multiple units exist, n's each independently have the above meaning for each unit,

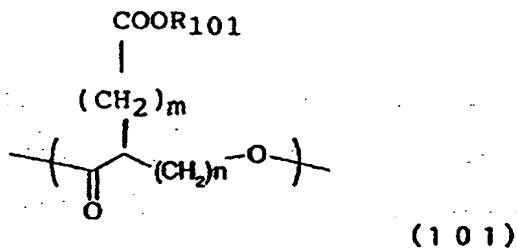


(100)

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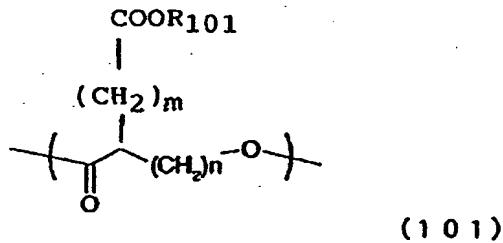
wherein m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, X represents a halogen atom, R_{100} represents a linear or branched alkyl or aralkyl group having 1 to 12 carbon atoms, and when n = 4 in the chemical formula

20 (99), m is not equal to 0,

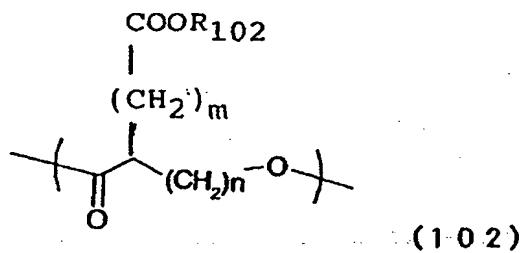


wherein n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, when n represents an integer selected from 1 to 3, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, when n = 5 4, m represents an integer selected from 1 to 8, R₁₀₁ represents a linear or branched alkyl or aralkyl group having 1 to 12 carbon atoms, and when multiple units exist, R₁₀₁, m, and n each independently have the above meaning for each unit.

10 10. A method of producing a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula (102), comprising the step of hydrolyzing a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula (101) in the 15 presence of an acid or an alkali or the step of subjecting the polyhydroxyalkanoate to hydrogenolysis including catalytic reduction,



wherein n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, when n represents an integer selected from 1 to 3, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, when n = 4, m represents an integer selected from 1 to 8, R₁₀₁ represents a linear or branched alkyl or aralkyl group having 1 to 12 carbon atoms, and when multiple units exist, R₁₀₁, m, and n each independently have the above meaning for each unit,



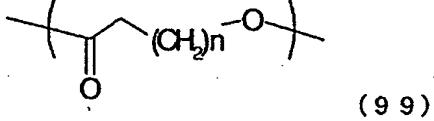
10 wherein R_{102} represents hydrogen or a group for
forming a salt, n represents an integer selected from
1 to 4. when n represents an integer selected from 1
to 3, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8,
15 when $n = 4$, m represents an integer selected from 1
to 8, and when multiple units exist, R_{102} , m , and n
each independently have the above meaning for each

unit.

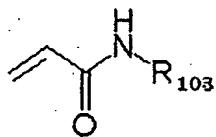
11. A method of producing a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula (104), comprising the steps of:

5 allowing a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula (99) to react with a base; and

allowing the compound obtained in the foregoing step to react with a compound represented by the
10 chemical formula (103),



(In the formula, n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4. When multiple units exist, n's each independently have the above meaning for each unit.)



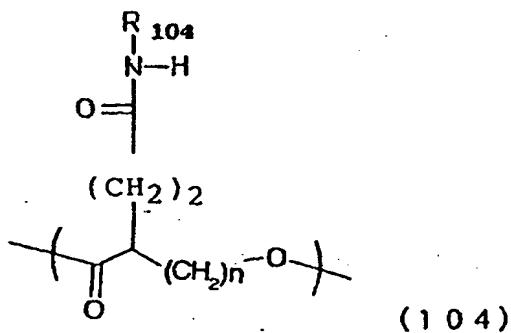
(103)

15

Wherein R₁₀₃ represents -A₁₀₃-SO₂R_{103a}, R_{103a} represents OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR_{103b}, R_{103b} and A₁₀₃ are each independently selected from groups each having a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic

hydrocarbon structure, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic ring structure, or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocyclic structure, and when multiple units exist, R_{103} , R_{103a} , R_{103b} , and A_{103} each

5 independently have the above meaning for each unit,



Wherein n represents an integer selected from 1 to 4, R_{104} represents $-A_{104}-SO_2R_{104a}$, R_{104a} represents OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR_{104b}, R_{104b} and A_{104} each

10 independently represent a group having a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic hydrocarbon structure, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic ring structure, or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocyclic structure, and when multiple units exist, R_{104} , R_{104a} , R_{104b} , A_{104} , and n each independently have the above meaning for each unit.

15